Package 'IOLS'

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Title Iterated Ordinary Least Squares Regression			
Version 0.1.4			
Description Addresses the 'log of zero' by developing a new family of estimators called iterated Ordinary Least Squares. This family nests standard approaches such as log-linear and Poisson regressions, offers several computational advantages, and corresponds to the correct way to perform the popular log(Y + 1) transformation. For more details about how to use it, see the notebook at: https://www.davidbenatia.com/ >.			
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DATASET Sample Data for Analysis

Description

A simple data_frame obtained by a Data Generating Process that is for testing and running of examples

- y outcome variable
- x two bivariate normal variables x1 and x2

Usage

DATASET

Format

An object of class data. frame with 1000 rows and 3 columns.

iOLS *iOLS*

Description

iOLS regression is used to fit log-linear model/log-log model, addressing the "log of zero" problem, based on the theoretical results developed in the following paper: https://papers.srn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=3444996.

Usage

```
iOLS(y, X, VX, tX, d, epsi = 10^-5, b_init, error_type = "HC0")
```

Arguments

У	the dependent variable, a vector.
Χ	the regressors matrix x with a column of ones added.
VX	a matrix that MUST be equal to $(X'X)^{-1}$.
tX	a matrix that MUST be equal to X ^t (the transpose of X).
d	the value of the hyper-parameter delta, numeric.
epsi	since the estimated parameters are obtained by converging, we need a convergence criterion epsi (supposed to be small, usually around 10^-5), to make the program stop once the estimations are near their limits. A numeric.

iOLS_path

b_init the point from which the solution starts its converging trajectory. A vector that

has the same number of elements as there are parameters estimated in the model.

error_type a character string specifying the estimation type of the covariance matrix. Argument of the vcovHC function, then click this link for details. "HC0" is the

default value, this the White's estimator.

Value

an iOLS fitted model object.

Examples

```
data(DATASET)
y = DATASET$y
x = as.matrix(DATASET[,c("X1","X2")])
lm = lm(log(y+1) ~ x)
lm_coef = c(coef(lm))
X = cbind(rep(1, nrow(x)), x)
tX = t(X)
library(matlib); VX = inv(tX %*% X)
f = iOLS(y, X, VX, tX, 20, b_init = lm_coef)
```

iOLS_path

iOLS_path

Description

iOLS regression repeated for several values of the hyper-parameter delta.

Usage

```
iOLS_path(
   y,
   X,
   deltainf = 10^-5,
   deltasup = 10^4,
   nbre_delta = 20,
   epsi = 10^-3,
   b_init,
   error_type = "HC0"
)
```

Arguments

y the dependent variable, a vector.

X the regressors matrix x with a column of ones added.

iOLS_path_plot

deltainf	numeric, the lowest hyper-parameter delta we want to apply iOLS with. The default value is 10^{-5} .
deltasup	numeric, the highest hyper-parameter delta we want to apply iOLS with. The default value is 10000.
nbre_delta	integer, the number of hyper-parameters delta we want between deltainf and deltasup.
epsi	since the estimated parameters are obtained by converging, we need a convergence criterion epsi (supposed to be small, usually around 10^-5), to make the program stop once the estimations are near their limits. A numeric.
b_init	the point from which the solution starts its converging trajectory. A vector that has the same number of elements as there are parameters estimated in the model.
error_type	a character string specifying the estimation type of the covariance matrix. Argument of the vcovHC function, then click this link for details. "HC0" is the default value, this the White's estimator.

Value

an iOLS_path fitted model object.

Examples

```
data(DATASET)
y = DATASET$y
x = as.matrix(DATASET[,c("X1","X2")])
lm = lm(log(y+1) ~ x)
lm_coef = c(coef(lm))
X = cbind(rep(1, nrow(x)), x)
k = iOLS_path(y, X, b_init = lm_coef,
deltainf = 10^-5, deltasup = 10^4, nbre_delta = 20,
epsi = 10^-3, error_type = "HC0")
```

iOLS_path_plot

iOLS_path_plot

Description

Function that plots an iOLS_path fitted model object.

Usage

```
iOLS_path_plot(m, delta_rank = NULL, plot_beta = "", ...)
```

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Arguments

m An iOLS_path fitted model object.

delta_rank Among all the hyper-parameters delta, we can choose to plot the "iOLS_path"

fitted model object corresponding to the chosen delta_rank. If a value is not precised, the default value is NULL and the function will only display the estimated

parameter(s) in function of log(delta).

cise plot_beta = k (k=0 if you want to see the intercept's trajectory for example). Otherwise, write plot_beta = "" (the default value), and you will see all parameters' trajectory. In this case, the colors of each curve is assigned randomly, but by precising which parameters' trajectory you want to see, it will be drawn in

black.

... other parameters.

Value

a plot of an iOLS_path fitted model object.

Examples

```
data(DATASET)
y = DATASET$y
x = as.matrix(DATASET[,c("X1","X2")])
lm = lm(log(y+1) ~ x)
lm_coef = c(coef(lm))
X = cbind(rep(1, nrow(x)), x)
k = iOLS_path(y, X, b_init = lm_coef, deltainf = 10^-5,
deltasup = 10^4, nbre_delta = 20,
epsi = 10^-3, error_type = "HC0")

#All the parameters, as a function of log(delta) (ie. each triplet from an iOLS regression) :
iOLS_path_plot(k)

#All the parameters from the 6th iOLS regression :
iOLS_path_plot(k, delta_rank = 6)

#Intercept from the 6th iOLS regression :
iOLS_path_plot(k, delta_rank = 6, plot_beta = 0)
```

iOLS_plot

iOLS_plot

Description

Function that plots an iOLS fitted model object.

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Usage

```
iOLS_plot(m, ..., plot_beta = "")
```

Arguments

m An iOLS fitted model object.

... other parameters.

plot_beta If you want to see the trajectory of one estimated parameter beta only, just pre-

cise $plot_beta = k$ (k=0 if you want to see the intercept's trajectory for example). Otherwise, write $plot_beta = ""$ (the default value), and you will see all parameters' trajectory. In this case, the colors of each curve is assigned randomly, but by precising which parameters' trajectory you want to see, it will be drawn in

black.

Value

a plot of an iOLS fitted model object.

Examples

```
data(DATASET)
y = DATASET$y
x = as.matrix(DATASET[,c("X1","X2")])
lm = lm(log(y+1) ~ x)
lm_coef = c(coef(lm))
X = cbind(rep(1, nrow(x)), x)
tX = t(X)
library(matlib); VX = inv(tX %*% X)
f = iOLS(y, X, VX, tX, 20, b_init = lm_coef)

iOLS_plot(f)

#Only one of the estimated parameters, for example k=0 (the intercept):
iOLS_plot(f, plot_beta = 0)
```

lambda_test

lambda_test

Description

Printing and plotting of the lambda-test.

Usage

```
lambda_test(f, nB)
```

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Arguments

nΒ

f An iOLS_path fitted model object that you want to apply this test on.

The number of iteration that you want to be done in the bootstrap process used

in the function.

Value

a lambda_test object.

Examples

```
data(DATASET)
y = DATASET$y
x = as.matrix(DATASET[,c("X1","X2")])
lm = lm(log(y+1) ~ x)
lm_coef = c(coef(lm))
X = cbind(rep(1, nrow(x)), x)
k = iOLS_path(y, X, b_init = lm_coef, deltainf = 10^-5, deltasup = 10^4, nbre_delta = 20, epsi = 10^-3, error_type = "HCO")
L = lambda_test(k, nB = 5)
```

print

print.iOLS

Description

Function that prints an iOLS fitted model object.

Usage

```
print(m, ...)
```

Arguments

```
m An iOLS fitted model object.
```

... other parameters.

Value

a display of an iOLS fitted model object.

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Examples

```
data(DATASET)
y = DATASET$y
x = as.matrix(DATASET[,c("X1","X2")])
lm = lm(log(y+1) ~ x)
lm_coef = c(coef(lm))
X = cbind(rep(1, nrow(x)), x)
tX = t(X)
library(matlib); VX = inv(tX %*% X)
f = iOLS(y, X, VX, tX, 20, b_init = lm_coef)
print(f)
```

print.iOLS_path

print.iOLS_path

Description

Function that prints an iOLS_path fitted model object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'iOLS_path'
print(m, delta_rank = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

m An iOLS_path fitted model object.

delta_rank Among all the hyper-parameters delta, we can choose to plot the "iOLS path"

fitted model object corresponding to the chosen delta_rank. If a value is not precised, the default value is NULL and the function will only display the estimated

parameter(s) in function of log(delta).

... other parameters.

Value

a display of a iOLS_path fitted model object.

Examples

```
data(DATASET)
y = DATASET$y
x = as.matrix(DATASET[,c("X1","X2")])
lm = lm(log(y+1) ~ x)
lm_coef = c(coef(lm))
X = cbind(rep(1, nrow(x)), x)
k = iOLS_path(y, X, b_init = lm_coef, deltainf = 10^-5,
deltasup = 10^4, nbre_delta = 20,
```

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```
epsi = 10^-3, error_type = "HC0")

#Printing of all the iOLS regression:
print(k)

#Printing of the 6th iOLS regression :
print(k, delta_rank = 6)
```

print.lambda_test

print.lambda_test

Description

Function that prints a lambda_test object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lambda_test'
print(m, ...)
```

Arguments

m A lambda_test object.... other parameters.

Value

a display and a plot of a lambda_test object.

Examples

```
data(DATASET)
y = DATASET$y
x = as.matrix(DATASET[,c("X1","X2")])
lm = lm(log(y+1) ~ x)
lm_coef = c(coef(lm))
X = cbind(rep(1, nrow(x)), x)
k = iOLS_path(y, X, b_init = lm_coef, deltainf = 10^-5, deltasup = 10^4, nbre_delta = 20, epsi = 10^-3, error_type = "HCO")
L = lambda_test(k, nB = 5)
print(L)
```

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