

# Package ‘RKorAPClient’

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**Type** Package

**Title** 'KorAP' Web Service Client Package

**Version** 1.1.0

## Description

A client package that makes the 'KorAP' web service API accessible from R. The corpus analysis platform 'KorAP' has been developed as a scientific tool to make potentially large, stratified and multiply annotated corpora, such as the 'German Reference Corpus DeReKo' or the 'Corpus of the Contemporary Romanian Language CoRoLa', accessible for linguists to let them verify hypotheses and to find interesting patterns in real language use. The 'RKorAPClient' package provides access to 'KorAP' and the corpora behind it for user-created R code, as a programmatic alternative to the 'KorAP' web user-interface. You can learn more about 'KorAP' and use it directly on 'DeReKo' at <<https://korap.ids-mannheim.de/>>.

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

**Language** en-US

**License** BSD\_2\_clause + file LICENSE

**URL** <https://github.com/KorAP/RKorAPClient/>,  
<https://korap.ids-mannheim.de/>,  
<https://www.ids-mannheim.de/digspra/kl/projekte/korap>

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'RKorAPClient-package.R' 'KorAPQuery.R' 'association-scores.R'  
'ci.R' 'collocationAnalysis.R' 'collocationScoreQuery.R'  
'hc\_add\_onclick\_korap\_search.R' 'hc\_freq\_by\_year\_ci.R' 'misc.R'  
'reexports.R' 'textMetadata.R'

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association-score-functions  
*Association score functions*

## Description

Functions to calculate different collocation association scores between a node (target word) and words in a window around the it. The functions are primarily used by [collocationScoreQuery\(\)](#).

**pmi:** pointwise mutual information

**mi2:** pointwise mutual information squared (Daille 1994), also referred to as mutual dependency (Thanopoulos et al. 2002)

**mi3**: pointwise mutual information cubed (Daille 1994), also referred to as log-frequency biased mutual dependency (Thanopoulos et al. 2002)

**logDice**: log-Dice coefficient, a heuristic measure that is popular in lexicography (Rychlý 2008)

**ll**: log-likelihood (Dunning 1993) using Stefan Evert's (2004) simplified implementation

## Usage

```
defaultAssociationScoreFunctions()

pmi(01, 02, 0, N, E, window_size)

mi2(01, 02, 0, N, E, window_size)

mi3(01, 02, 0, N, E, window_size)

logDice(01, 02, 0, N, E, window_size)

ll(01, 02, 0, N, E, window_size)
```

## Arguments

01	observed absolute frequency of node
02	observed absolute frequency of collocate
0	observed absolute frequency of collocation
N	corpus size
E	expected absolute frequency of collocation (already adjusted to window size)
window_size	total window size around node (left neighbour count + right neighbour count)

## Value

association score

## References

- Daille, B. (1994): Approche mixte pour l'extraction automatique de terminologie: statistiques lexicales et filtres linguistiques. PhD thesis, Université Paris 7.
- Thanopoulos, A., Fakotakis, N., Kokkinakis, G. (2002): Comparative evaluation of collocation extraction metrics. In: Proc. of LREC 2002: 620–625.
- Rychlý, Pavel (2008): A lexicographer-friendly association score. In Proceedings of Recent Advances in Slavonic Natural Language Processing, RASLAN, 6–9. <https://www.fi.muni.cz/usr/sojka/download/raslan2008/13.pdf>.
- Dunning, T. (1993): Accurate methods for the statistics of surprise and coincidence. *Comput. Linguist.* 19, 1 (March 1993), 61–74.
- Evert, Stefan (2004): The Statistics of Word Cooccurrences: Word Pairs and Collocations. PhD dissertation, IMS, University of Stuttgart. Published in 2005, URN urn:nbn:de:bsz:93-opus-23714. Free PDF available from <https://purl.org/stefan.evert/PUB/Evert2004phd.pdf>

## See Also

Other collocation analysis functions: [collocationAnalysis](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#), [collocationScoreQuery](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#), [synsemanticStopwords\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:

KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) %>%
  collocationScoreQuery("Perlen", c("verziertes", "Säue"),
    scoreFunctions = append(defaultAssociationScoreFunctions(),
      list(localMI = function(O1, O2, O, N, E, window_size) {
        O * log2(O/E)
      })))
## End(Not run)
```

**auth,KorAPConnection-method**

*Authorize RKorAPClient*

## Description

Authorize RKorAPClient to make KorAP queries and download results on behalf of the user.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
auth(
  kco,
  app_id = generic_kor_app_id,
  app_secret = NULL,
  scope = kco@oauthScope
)
```

## Arguments

kco	KorAPConnection object
app_id	OAuth2 application id. Defaults to the generic KorAP client application id.
app_secret	OAuth2 application secret. Used with confidential client applications. Defaults to NULL.
scope	OAuth2 scope. Defaults to "search match_info".

## Value

KorAPConnection object with access token set in @accessToken.

## See Also

[persistAccessToken\(\)](#), [clearAccessToken\(\)](#)

Other initialization functions: [KorAPConnection-class](#), [clearAccessToken](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#), [persistAccessToken](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
kco <- KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) %>% auth()
df <- collocationAnalysis(kco, "focus([marmot/p=ADJA] {Ameisenplage})",
  leftContextSize = 1, rightContextSize = 0
)
## End(Not run)
```

ci

*Add confidence interval and relative frequency variables*

## Description

Using [prop.test\(\)](#), ci adds three columns to a data frame:

1. relative frequency (f)
2. lower bound of a confidence interval (ci.low)
3. upper bound of a confidence interval

Convenience function for converting frequency tables to instances per million.

Convenience function for converting frequency tables of alternative variants (generated with `as.alternatives=TRUE`) to percent.

Converts a vector of query or vc strings to typically appropriate legend labels by clipping off prefixes and suffixes that are common to all query strings.

Experimental convenience function for plotting typical frequency by year graphs with confidence intervals using ggplot2. **Warning:** This function may be moved to a new package.

## Usage

```
ci(df, x = totalResults, N = total, conf.level = 0.95)

ipm(df)

percent(df)

queryStringToLabel(data, pubDateOnly = FALSE, excludePubDate = FALSE)

geom_freq_by_year_ci(mapping = aes(ymin = conf.low, ymax = conf.high), ...)
```

## Arguments

df	table returned from <a href="#">frequencyQuery()</a>
x	column with the observed absolute frequency.
N	column with the total frequencies
conf.level	confidence level of the returned confidence interval. Must be a single number between 0 and 1.
data	string or vector of query or vc definition strings
pubDateOnly	discard all but the publication date
excludePubDate	discard publication date constraints
mapping	Set of aesthetic mappings created by aes() or aes_(). If specified and inherit.aes = TRUE (the default), it is combined with the default mapping at the top level of the plot. You must supply mapping if there is no plot mapping.
...	Other arguments passed to geom_ribbon, geom_line, and geom_click_point.

## Details

Given a table with columns f, conf.low, and conf.high, ipm adds a column ipm and multiplies conf.low and conf.high with 10^6.

## Value

original table with additional column ipm and converted columns conf.low and conf.high  
 original table with converted columns f, conf.low and conf.high  
 string or vector of strings with clipped off common prefixes and suffixes

## See Also

ci is already included in [frequencyQuery\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:

library(ggplot2)
kco <- KorAPConnection(verbose=TRUE)
expand_grid(year=2015:2018, alternatives=c("Hate Speech", "Hatespeech")) %>%
  bind_cols(corporusQuery(kco, .$alternatives, sprintf("pubDate in %d", .$year))) %>%
  mutate(total=corpusStats(kco, vc=vc)$tokens) %>%
  ci() %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=year, y=f, fill=query, color=query, ymin=conf.low, ymax=conf.high)) +
  geom_point() + geom_line() + geom_ribbon(alpha=.3)

## End(Not run)
## Not run:

KorAPConnection() %>% frequencyQuery("Test", paste0("pubDate in ", 2000:2002)) %>% ipm()
```

```

## End(Not run)
## Not run:

KorAPConnection() %>%
  frequencyQuery(c("Tollpatsch", "Tolpatsch"),
  vc=paste0("pubDate in ", 2000:2002),
  as.alternatives = TRUE) %>%
  percent()

## End(Not run)
queryStringToLabel(paste("textType = /Zeit.*/ & pubDate in", c(2010:2019)))
queryStringToLabel(c("[marmot/m=mood:subj]", "[marmot/m=mood:ind]"))
queryStringToLabel(c("wegen dem [tt/p=NN]", "wegen des [tt/p=NN]"))

## Not run:
library(ggplot2)
kco <- KorAPConnection(verbose=TRUE)

expand_grid(condition = c("textDomain = /Wirtschaft.*/", "textDomain != /Wirtschaft.*/"),
            year = (2005:2011)) %>%
  cbind(frequencyQuery(kco, "[tt/l=Heuschrecke]",
                        paste0(.condition, " & pubDate in ", .year))) %>%
  ipm() %>%
  ggplot(aes(year, ipm, fill = condition, color = condition)) +
  geom_freq_by_year_ci()

## End(Not run)

```

**clearAccessToken, KorAPConnection-method***Clear access token from keyring and KorAPConnection object***Description**

Clear access token from keyring and KorAPConnection object

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
clearAccessToken(kco)
```

**Arguments**

kco	KorAPConnection object
-----	------------------------

**Value**

KorAPConnection object with access token set to NULL.

**See Also**

[persistAccessToken\(\)](#)

Other initialization functions: [KorAPConnection-class](#), [auth](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#), [persistAccessToken](#), [KorAPC](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
kco <- KorAPConnection()
kco <- clearAccessToken(kco)

## End(Not run)
```

**clearCache, KorAPConnection-method**  
*Clear local cache*

**Description**

Clears the local cache of API responses for the current RKorAPClient version. Useful when you want to force fresh data retrieval or free up disk space.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
clearCache(kco)
```

**Arguments**

kco                   KorAPConnection object

**Value**

Invisible NULL (function called for side effects)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
kco <- KorAPConnection()
clearCache(kco)

## End(Not run)
```

---

collocationAnalysis, KorAPConnection-method  
*Collocation analysis*

---

## Description

Performs a collocation analysis for the given node (or query) in the given virtual corpus.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
collocationAnalysis(
  kco,
  node,
  vc = "",
  lemmatizeNodeQuery = FALSE,
  minOccur = 5,
  leftContextSize = 5,
  rightContextSize = 5,
  topCollocatesLimit = 200,
  searchHitsSampleLimit = 20000,
  ignoreCollocateCase = FALSE,
  withinSpan = ifelse(exactFrequencies, "base/s=s", ""),
  exactFrequencies = TRUE,
  stopwords = append(RKorAPClient::synsemanticStopwords(), node),
  seed = 7,
  expand = length(vc) != length(node),
  maxRecurse = 0,
  addExamples = FALSE,
  thresholdScore = "logDice",
  threshold = 2,
  localStopwords = c(),
  collocateFilterRegex = "^[[:alnum:]]+-?[:alnum:]*$",
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

kco	<a href="#">KorAPConnection()</a> object (obtained e.g. from <code>KorAPConnection()</code> )
node	target word
vc	string describing the virtual corpus in which the query should be performed. An empty string (default) means the whole corpus, as far as it is license-wise accessible.
lemmatizeNodeQuery	if TRUE, node query will be lemmatized, i.e. x -> [tt/l=x]

<code>minOccur</code>	minimum absolute number of observed co-occurrences to consider a collocate candidate
<code>leftContextSize</code>	size of the left context window
<code>rightContextSize</code>	size of the right context window
<code>topCollocatesLimit</code>	limit analysis to the n most frequent collocates in the search hits sample
<code>searchHitsSampleLimit</code>	limit the size of the search hits sample
<code>ignoreCollocateCase</code>	logical, set to TRUE if collocate case should be ignored
<code>withinSpan</code>	KorAP span specification (see <a href="https://korap.ids-mannheim.de/doc/ql/poliqarp-plus?embedded=true#spans">https://korap.ids-mannheim.de/doc/ql/poliqarp-plus?embedded=true#spans</a> ) for collocations to be searched within. Defaults to base/s=s.
<code>exactFrequencies</code>	if FALSE, extrapolate observed co-occurrence frequencies from frequencies in search hits sample, otherwise retrieve exact co-occurrence frequencies
<code>stopwords</code>	vector of stopwords not to be considered as collocates
<code>seed</code>	seed for random page collecting order
<code>expand</code>	if TRUE, node and vc parameters are expanded to all of their combinations
<code>maxRecurse</code>	apply collocation analysis recursively maxRecurse times
<code>addExamples</code>	If TRUE, examples for instances of collocations will be added in a column example. This makes a difference in particular if node is given as a lemma query.
<code>thresholdScore</code>	association score function (see <a href="#">association-score-functions</a> ) to use for computing the threshold that is applied for recursive collocation analysis calls
<code>threshold</code>	minimum value of thresholdScore function call to apply collocation analysis recursively
<code>localStopwords</code>	vector of stopwords that will not be considered as collocates in the current function call, but that will not be passed to recursive calls
<code>collocateFilterRegex</code>	allow only collocates matching the regular expression
<code>...</code>	more arguments will be passed to <a href="#">collocationScoreQuery()</a>

## Details

The collocation analysis is currently implemented on the client side, as some of the functionality is not yet provided by the KorAP backend. Mainly for this reason it is very slow (several minutes, up to hours), but on the other hand very flexible. You can, for example, perform the analysis in arbitrary virtual corpora, use complex node queries, and look for expression-internal collocates using the focus function (see examples and demo).

To increase speed at the cost of accuracy and possible false negatives, you can decrease `searchHitsSampleLimit` and/or `topCollocatesLimit` and/or set `exactFrequencies` to FALSE.

Note that some outdated non-DeReKo back-ends might not yet support returning tokenized matches (warning issued). In this case, the client library will fall back to client-side tokenization which might be slightly less accurate. This might lead to false negatives and to frequencies that differ from corresponding ones acquired via the web user interface.

### Value

Tibble with top collocates, association scores, corresponding URLs for web user interface queries, etc.

### See Also

Other collocation analysis functions: [association-score-functions](#), [collocationScoreQuery, KorAPConnection-method](#), [synsemanticStopwords\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
## Not run:

# Find top collocates of "Packung" inside and outside the sports domain.
KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) |>
  collocationAnalysis("Packung",
    vc = c("textClass=sport", "textClass!=sport"),
    leftContextSize = 1, rightContextSize = 1, topCollocatesLimit = 20
  ) |>
  dplyr::filter(logDice >= 5)

## End(Not run)

## Not run:

# Identify the most prominent light verb construction with "in ... setzen".
# Note that, currently, the use of focus function disallows exactFrequencies.
KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) |>
  collocationAnalysis("focus(in [tt/p>NN] {[tt/l=setzen]})", 
    leftContextSize = 1, rightContextSize = 0, exactFrequencies = FALSE, topCollocatesLimit = 20
  )

## End(Not run)
```

### collocationScoreQuery, KorAPConnection-method

*Query frequencies of a node and a collocate and calculate collocation association scores*

### Description

Computes various collocation association scores based on [frequencyQuery\(\)](#)s for a target word and a collocate.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
collocationScoreQuery(
  kco,
  node,
  collocate,
  vc = "",
  lemmatizeNodeQuery = FALSE,
  lemmatizeCollocateQuery = FALSE,
  leftContextSize = 5,
  rightContextSize = 5,
  scoreFunctions = defaultAssociationScoreFunctions(),
  smoothingConstant = 0.5,
  observed = NA,
  ignoreCollocateCase = FALSE,
  withinSpan = "base/s=s"
)
```

## Arguments

kco	<code>KorAPConnection()</code> object (obtained e.g. from <code>KorAPConnection()</code> )
node	target word
collocate	collocate of target word
vc	string describing the virtual corpus in which the query should be performed. An empty string (default) means the whole corpus, as far as it is license-wise accessible.
lemmatizeNodeQuery	logical, set to TRUE if node query should be lemmatized, i.e. x -> [tt/l=x]
lemmatizeCollocateQuery	logical, set to TRUE if collocate query should be lemmatized, i.e. x -> [tt/l=x]
leftContextSize	size of the left context window
rightContextSize	size of the right context window
scoreFunctions	named list of score functions of the form function(O1, O2, O, N, E, window_size), see e.g. <code>pmi</code>
smoothingConstant	smoothing constant will be added to all observed values
observed	if collocation frequencies are already known (or estimated from a sample) they can be passed as a vector here, otherwise: NA
ignoreCollocateCase	logical, set to TRUE if collocate case should be ignored
withinSpan	KorAP span specification (see <a href="https://korap.ids-mannheim.de/doc/ql/poliqarp-plus?embedded=true#spans">https://korap.ids-mannheim.de/doc/ql/poliqarp-plus?embedded=true#spans</a> ) for collocations to be searched within. Defaults to base/s=s.

**Value**

tibble with query KorAP web request URL, all observed values and association scores

**See Also**

Other collocation analysis functions: [association-score-functions](#), [collocationAnalysis](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#)  
[synsemanticStopwords\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) |>
  collocationScoreQuery("Grund", "triftiger")

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) |>
  collocationScoreQuery("Grund", c("guter", "triftiger"),
    scoreFunctions = list(localMI = function(O1, O2, O, N, E, window_size) { O * log2(O/E) } ) )

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
library(highcharter)
library(tidyr)
KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) |>
  collocationScoreQuery("Team", "agil", vc = paste("pubDate in", c(2014:2018)),
    lemmatizeNodeQuery = TRUE, lemmatizeCollocateQuery = TRUE) |>
    pivot_longer(14:last_col(), names_to = "measure", values_to = "score") |>
  hchart(type="spline", hcAES(label, score, group=measure)) |>
  hc_add_onclick_korap_search()

## End(Not run)
```

**corpusQuery, KorAPConnection-method**

*Search corpus for query terms*

**Description**

corpusQuery performs a corpus query via a connection to a KorAP-API-server

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
corpusQuery(
  kco,
  query = if (missing(KorAPUrl)) {

    stop("At least one of the parameters query and KorAPUrl must be specified.", call. =
      FALSE)
  } else {
    httr2::url_parse(KorAPUrl)$query$q
  },
  vc = if (missing(KorAPUrl)) "" else httr2::url_parse(KorAPUrl)$query$cq,
  KorAPUrl,
  metadataOnly = TRUE,
  ql = if (missing(KorAPUrl)) "poliqarp" else httr2::url_parse(KorAPUrl)$query$ql,
  fields = c("corpusSigle", "textSigle", "pubDate", "pubPlace", "availability",
            "textClass", "snippet", "tokens"),
  accessRewriteFatal = TRUE,
  verbose = kco@verbose,
  expand = length(vc) != length(query),
  as.df = FALSE,
  context = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

kco	<a href="#">KorAPConnection()</a> object (obtained e.g. from <code>KorAPConnection()</code> )
query	string that contains the corpus query. The query language depends on the ql parameter. Either query must be provided or KorAPUrl.
vc	string describing the virtual corpus in which the query should be performed. An empty string (default) means the whole corpus, as far as it is license-wise accessible.
KorAPUrl	instead of providing the query and vc string parameters, you can also simply copy a KorAP query URL from your browser and use it here (and in <code>KorAPConnection()</code> ) to provide all necessary information for the query.
metadataOnly	logical that determines whether queries should return only metadata without any snippets. This can also be useful to prevent access rewrites. Note that the default value is TRUE. If you want your corpus queries to return not only metadata, but also KWICS, you need to authorize your RKorAPClient application as explained in the <a href="#">authorization section</a> of the RKorAPClient Readme on GitHub and set the metadataOnly parameter to FALSE.
ql	string to choose the query language (see <a href="#">section on Query Parameters</a> in the Kustvakt-Wiki for possible values.)
fields	character vector specifying which metadata fields to retrieve for each match. Available fields depend on the corpus. For DeReKo (German Reference Corpus), possible fields include:

**Text identification:** textSigle, docSigle, corpusSigle - hierarchical text identifiers

**Publication info:** author, editor, title, docTitle, corpusTitle - authorship and titles

**Temporal data:** pubDate, creationDate - when text was published/created

**Publication details:** pubPlace, publisher, reference - where/how published

**Text classification:** textClass, textType, textTypeArt, textDomain, textColumn - topic domain, genre, text type and column

**Administrative and technical info:** corpusEditor, availability, language, foundries - access rights and annotations

**Content data:** snippet, tokens, tokenSource, externalLink - actual text content, tokenization, and link to source text

**System data:** indexCreationDate, indexLastModified - corpus indexing info

Use c("textSigle", "pubDate", "author") to retrieve multiple fields. Default fields provide basic text identification and publication metadata. The actual text content (snippet and tokens) are activated by default if `metadataOnly` is set to FALSE.

accessRewriteFatal	abort if query or given vc had to be rewritten due to insufficient rights (not yet implemented).
verbose	print some info
expand	logical that decides if query and vc parameters are expanded to all of their combinations. Defaults to TRUE, iff query and vc have different lengths
as.df	return result as data frame instead of as S4 object?
context	string that specifies the size of the left and the right context returned in snippet (provided that <code>metadataOnly</code> is set to false and that the necessary access right are met). The format of the context size specification (e.g. 3-token, 3-token) is described in the <a href="#">Service: Search GET documentation of the Kustvakt Wiki</a> . If the parameter is not set, the default context size specification of the KorAP server instance will be used. Note that you cannot overrule the maximum context size set in the KorAP server instance, as this is typically legally motivated.

### Value

Depending on the `as.df` parameter, a tibble or a [KorAPQuery\(\)](#) object that, among other information, contains the total number of results in `@totalResults`. The resulting object can be used to fetch all query results (with `fetchAll()`) or the next page of results (with `fetchNext()`). A corresponding URL to be used within a web browser is contained in `@webUIRequestUrl`. Please make sure to check `$collection$rewrites` to see if any unforeseen access rewrites of the query's virtual corpus had to be performed.

### References

<https://ids-pub.bsz-bw.de/frontdoor/index/index/docId/9026>

**See Also**

[KorAPConnection\(\)](#), [fetchNext\(\)](#), [fetchRest\(\)](#), [fetchAll\(\)](#), [corpusStats\(\)](#)

Other corpus search functions: [fetchAll, KorAPQuery-method](#), [fetchNext, KorAPQuery-method](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

# Fetch basic metadata for "Ameisenplage"
KorAPConnection() |>
  corpusQuery("Ameisenplage") |>
  fetchAll()

# Fetch specific metadata fields for bibliographic analysis
query <- KorAPConnection() |>
  corpusQuery("Ameisenplage",
              fields = c("textSigle", "author", "title", "pubDate", "pubPlace", "textType"))
results <- fetchAll(query)
results@collectedMatches

## End(Not run)

## Not run:

# Use the copy of a KorAP-web-frontend URL for an API query of "Ameise" in a virtual corpus
# and show the number of query hits (but don't fetch them).

KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) |>
  corpusQuery(
    KorAPUrl =
      "https://korap.ids-mannheim.de/?q=Ameise&cq=pubDate+since+2017&ql=poliqarp"
  )

## End(Not run)

## Not run:

# Plot the time/frequency curve of "Ameisenplage"
KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) |>
  {
    . -> kco
  } |>
  corpusQuery("Ameisenplage") |>
  fetchAll() |>
  slot("collectedMatches") |>
  mutate(year = lubridate::year(pubDate)) |>
  dplyr::select(year) |>
  group_by(year) |>
  summarise(Count = dplyr::n()) |>
  mutate(Freq = mapply(function(f, y) {
    f / corpusStats(kco, paste("pubDate in", y))@tokens
  }, Count, year)) |>
```

```
dplyr::select(-Count) |>
  complete(year = min(year):max(year), fill = list(Freq = 0)) |>
  plot(type = "1")

## End(Not run)
```

**corpusStats, KorAPConnection-method**  
*Get corpus size and statistics*

## Description

Retrieve information about corpus size (documents, tokens, sentences, paragraphs) for the entire corpus or a virtual corpus subset.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
corpusStats(kco, vc = "", verbose = kco@verbose, as.df = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

kco	<a href="#">KorAPConnection()</a> object (obtained e.g. from <code>KorAPConnection()</code> )
vc	string describing the virtual corpus. An empty string (default) means the whole corpus, as far as it is license-wise accessible.
verbose	logical. If TRUE, additional diagnostics are printed.
as.df	return result as data frame instead of as S4 object?

## Value

Object containing corpus statistics with the following information:

- vc Virtual corpus definition used (empty string for entire corpus)
- documents Total number of documents in the (virtual) corpus
- tokens Total number of word tokens in the (virtual) corpus
- sentences Total number of sentences in the (virtual) corpus
- paragraphs Total number of paragraphs in the (virtual) corpus
- webUIRequestUrl URL to view this corpus subset in KorAP web interface

When `as.df=TRUE`, returns a data frame with these columns. When `as.df=FALSE` (default), returns a `KorAPCorpusStats` object with these values as slots.

**Usage**

```
# Get statistics for entire corpus
kcon <- KorAPConnection()
stats <- corpusStats(kcon)

# Get statistics for a specific time period
stats <- corpusStats(kcon, "pubDate in 2020")

# Access the number of tokens
stats@tokens
```

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

kco <- KorAPConnection()

# Get statistics for entire corpus (returns S4 object)
stats <- corpusStats(kco)
stats@tokens # Access number of tokens

# Get statistics for newspaper texts from 2017 (as data frame)
df <- corpusStats(kco, "pubDate in 2017 & textType=/Zeitung.*/", as.df = TRUE)
df$documents # Access number of documents

# Compare corpus sizes across years
years <- 2015:2020
sizes <- sapply(years, function(y) {
  corpusStats(kco, paste("pubDate in", y))@tokens
})

## End(Not run)
```

**fetchAll,KorAPQuery-method**

*Fetch all results of a KorAP query.*

**Description**

fetchAll fetches all results of a KorAP query.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPQuery'
fetchAll(kqo, verbose = kqo@korapConnection@verbose, ...)
```

### Arguments

kqo	object obtained from <a href="#">corpusQuery()</a>
verbose	print progress information if true
...	further arguments passed to <a href="#">fetchNext()</a>

### Value

The updated kqo object with all results in @collectedMatches

### See Also

Other corpus search functions: [corpusQuery](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#), [fetchNext](#), [KorAPQuery-method](#)

### Examples

```
## Not run:
# Fetch all metadata of every query hit for "Ameisenplage" and show a summary
q <- KorAPConnection() |>
  corpusQuery("Ameisenplage") |>
  fetchAll()
q@collectedMatches

# Fetch also all KWICs
q <- KorAPConnection() |> auth() |>
  corpusQuery("Ameisenplage", metadataOnly = FALSE) |>
  fetchAll()
q@collectedMatches

# Retrieve title and text single metadata of all texts published on 1958-03-12
q <- KorAPConnection() |>
  corpusQuery("<base/s=t>", # this matches each text once
             vc = "pubDate in 1958-03-12",
             fields = c("textSingle", "title"),
  ) |>
  fetchAll()
q@collectedMatches

## End(Not run)
```

### fetchNext, KorAPQuery-method

*Fetch the next bunch of results of a KorAP query.*

### Description

fetchNext fetches the next bunch of results of a KorAP query.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPQuery'
fetchNext(
  kqo,
  offset = kqo@nextstartIndex,
  maxFetch = maxResultsPerPage,
  verbose = kqo@korapConnection@verbose,
  randomizePageOrder = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

kqo	object obtained from <a href="#">corpusQuery()</a>
offset	start offset for query results to fetch
maxFetch	maximum number of query results to fetch
verbose	print progress information if true
randomizePageOrder	fetch result pages in pseudo random order if true. Use <a href="#">set.seed()</a> to set seed for reproducible results.

**Value**

The kqo input object with updated slots `collectedMatches`, `apiResponse`, `nextstartIndex`, `hasMoreMatches`

**References**

<https://ids-pub.bsz-bw.de/frontdoor/index/index/docId/9026>

**See Also**

Other corpus search functions: [corpusQuery](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#), [fetchAll](#), [KorAPQuery-method](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

q <- KorAPConnection() |>
  corpusQuery("Ameisenplage") |>
  fetchNext()
q@collectedMatches

## End(Not run)
```

---

fetchRest,KorAPQuery-method

*Fetches the remaining results of a KorAP query.*

---

**Description**

Fetches the remaining results of a KorAP query.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPQuery'  
fetchRest(kqo, verbose = kqo@korapConnection@verbose, ...)
```

**Arguments**

kqo	object obtained from <a href="#">corpusQuery()</a>
verbose	print progress information if true
...	further arguments passed to <a href="#">fetchNext()</a>

**Value**

The updated kqo object with remaining results in @collectedMatches

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
q <- KorAPConnection() |>  
  corpusQuery("Ameisenplage") |>  
  fetchRest()  
q@collectedMatches  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

frequencyQuery,KorAPConnection-method

*Query frequencies of search expressions in virtual corpora*

---

**Description**

frequencyQuery combines [corpusQuery\(\)](#), [corpusStats\(\)](#) and [ci\(\)](#) to compute a tibble with the absolute and relative frequencies and confidence intervals of one ore multiple search terms across one or multiple virtual corpora.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
frequencyQuery(
  kco,
  query,
  vc = "",
  conf.level = 0.95,
  as.alternatives = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

kco	<a href="#">KorAPConnection()</a> object (obtained e.g. from <a href="#">KorAPConnection()</a> )
query	corpus query string(s.) (can be a vector). The query language depends on the ql parameter. Either query must be provided or KorAPUrl.
vc	virtual corpus definition(s) (can be a vector)
conf.level	confidence level of the returned confidence interval (passed through <a href="#">ci()</a> to <a href="#">prop.test()</a> ).
as.alternatives	LOGICAL that specifies if the query terms should be treated as alternatives. If as.alternatives is TRUE, the sum over all query hits, instead of the respective vc token sizes is used as total for the calculation of relative frequencies.
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods (see <a href="#">corpusQuery()</a> ), most notably expand, a logical that decides if query and vc parameters are expanded to all of their combinations. It defaults to TRUE, if query and vc have different lengths, and to FALSE otherwise.

## Value

A tibble, with each row containing the following result columns for query and vc combinations:

- **query**: the query string used for the frequency analysis.
- **totalResults**: absolute frequency of query matches in the vc.
- **vc**: virtual corpus used for the query.
- **webUIRequestUrl**: URL of the corresponding web UI request with respect to query and vc.
- **total**: total number of words in vc.
- **f**: relative frequency of query matches in the vc.
- **conf.low**: lower bound of the confidence interval for the relative frequency, given conf.level.
- **conf.high**: upper bound of the confidence interval for the relative frequency, given conf.level.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) |>
  frequencyQuery(c("Mücke", "Schnake"), paste0("pubDate in ", 2000:2003))

## End(Not run)
```

`hc_add_onclick_korap_search`

*Add KorAP search click events to highchart plots*

## Description

### [Experimental]

Adds on-click events to data points of highcharts that were constructed with [frequencyQuery\(\)](#) or [collocationScoreQuery\(\)](#). Clicks on data points then launch KorAP web UI queries for the given query term and virtual corpus in a separate tab.

## Usage

```
hc_add_onclick_korap_search(hc)
```

## Arguments

hc	A highchart htmlwidget object generated by e.g. <a href="#">frequencyQuery()</a> .
----	--

## Value

The input highchart object with added on-click events.

## See Also

Other highcharter-helpers: [hc\\_freq\\_by\\_year\\_ci\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:
library(highcharter)
library(tidyr)

KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) %>%
  collocationScoreQuery("Team", "agil", vc = paste("pubDate in", c(2014:2018)),
                        lemmatizeNodeQuery = TRUE, lemmatizeCollocateQuery = TRUE) %>%
  pivot_longer(c("0", "E")) %>%
  hchart(type="spline", hcaes(label, value, group=name)) %>%
```

```
hc_add_onclick_korap_search()

## End(Not run)
```

**hc\_freq\_by\_year\_ci**      *Plot interactive frequency curves with confidence intervals*

## Description

Convenience function for plotting typical frequency by year graphs with confidence intervals using highcharter.

**Warning:** This function may be moved to a new package.

## Usage

```
hc_freq_by_year_ci(
  df,
  as.alternatives = FALSE,
  ylabel = if (as.alternatives) "%" else "ipm",
  smooth = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>df</code>	data frame like the value of a <a href="#">frequencyQuery()</a>
<code>as.alternatives</code>	boolean decides whether queries should be treated as mutually exclusive and exhaustive wrt. to some meaningful class (e.g. spelling variants of a certain word form).
<code>ylabel</code>	defaults to % if <code>as.alternatives</code> is TRUE and to ipm otherwise.
<code>smooth</code>	boolean decides whether the graph is smoothed using the highcharts plot types spline and areasplinerange.
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to <a href="#">highcharter::hc_add_series()</a>

## Value

A highchart htmlwidget object containing the frequency plot.

## See Also

Other highcharter-helpers: [hc\\_add\\_onclick\\_korap\\_search\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
## Not run:

year <- c(1990:2018)
alternatives <- c("macht []{0,3} Sinn", "ergibt []{0,3} Sinn")
KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE) %>%
  frequencyQuery(query = alternatives,
                 vc = paste("textType = /Zeit.*/ & pubDate in", year),
                 as.alternatives = TRUE) %>%
  hc_freq_by_year_ci(as.alternatives = TRUE)

kco <- KorAPConnection(verbose = TRUE)
expand_grid(
  condition = c("textDomain = /Wirtschaft.*/", "textDomain != /Wirtschaft.*/"),
  year = (2005:2011)
) %>%
  cbind(frequencyQuery(
    kco,
    "[tt/l=Heuschrecke]",
    paste0(.condition, " & pubDate in ", .year)
  )) %>%
  hc_freq_by_year_ci()

## End(Not run)
```

## KorAPConnection-class *Connect to KorAP Server*

## Description

`KorAPConnection()` creates a connection to a KorAP server for corpus queries. This is your starting point for all corpus analysis tasks.

## Arguments

<code>KorAPUrl</code>	URL of the web user interface of the KorAP server instance you want to access. Defaults to the environment variable <code>KORAP_URL</code> if set and to the IDS Mannheim KorAP main instance to query DeReKo, otherwise. In order to access the KorAP instance at the German National Library (DNB) to query the contemporary fiction corpus DeLiKo@DNB, for example, set <code>KorAPUrl</code> to <a href="https://korap.dnb.de/">https://korap.dnb.de/</a> .
<code>apiVersion</code>	which version of KorAP's API you want to connect to. Defaults to "v1.0".
<code>apiUrl</code>	URL of the KorAP web service. If not provided, it will be constructed from <code>KorAPUrl</code> and <code>apiVersion</code> .

accessToken	<p>OAuth2 access token. For queries on corpus parts with restricted access (e.g. textual queries on IPR protected data), you need to authorize your application with an access token. You can obtain an access token in the OAuth settings of your KorAP web interface.</p> <p>More details are explained in the <a href="#">authorization section</a> of the RKorAPClient Readme on GitHub.</p> <p>To use authorization based on an access token in subsequent queries, initialize your KorAP connection with:</p> <pre>kco &lt;- KorAPConnection(accessToken="&lt;access token&gt;")</pre> <p>In order to make the API token persistent for the currently used KorAPUrl (you can have one token per KorAPUrl / KorAP server instance), use:</p> <pre>persistAccessToken(kco)</pre> <p>This will store it in your keyring using the <a href="#">keyring:keyring-package</a>. Subsequent KorAPConnection() calls will then automatically retrieve the token from your keyring. To stop using a persisted token, call <code>clearAccessToken(kco)</code>. Please note that for DeReKo, authorized queries will behave differently inside and outside the IDS, because of the special license situation. This concerns also cached results which do not take into account from where a request was issued. If you experience problems or unexpected results, please try <code>kco &lt;- KorAPConnection(cache=FALSE)</code> or use <a href="#">clearCache()</a> to clear the cache completely.</p> <p>An alternative to using an access token is to use a browser-based oauth2 workflow to obtain an access token. This can be done with the <a href="#">auth()</a> method.</p>
oauthClient	OAuth2 client object.
oauthScope	OAuth2 scope. Defaults to "search match_info".
authorizationSupported	logical that indicates if authorization is supported/necessary for the current KorAP instance. Automatically set during initialization.
userAgent	user agent string. Defaults to "R-KorAP-Client".
timeout	timeout in seconds for API requests (this does not influence server internal timeouts). Defaults to 240 seconds.
verbose	logical that decides whether following operations will default to be verbose. Defaults to FALSE.
cache	logical that decides if API calls are cached locally. You can clear the cache with <a href="#">clearCache()</a> . Defaults to TRUE.

## Details

Use `KorAPConnection()` to connect, then `corpusQuery()` to search, and `fetchAll()` to retrieve results. For authorized access to restricted corpora, use `auth()` or provide an `accessToken`.

The `KorAPConnection` object contains various configuration slots for advanced users: `KorAPUrl` (server URL), `apiVersion`, `accessToken` (OAuth2 token), `timeout` (request timeout), `verbose` (logging), `cache` (local caching), and other technical parameters. Most users can ignore these implementation details.

**Value**

`KorAPConnection()` object that can be used e.g. with `corpusQuery()`

**Basic Workflow**

```
# Connect to KorAP
kcon <- KorAPConnection()

# Search for a term
query <- corpusQuery(kcon, "Ameisenplage")

# Get all results
results <- fetchAll(query)
```

**Authorization**

For access to restricted corpora, authorize your connection:

```
kcon <- KorAPConnection() |> auth()
```

**See Also**

Other initialization functions: `auth`, `KorAPConnection-method`, `clearAccessToken`, `KorAPConnection-method`, `persistAccessToken`, `KorAPConnection-method`

**mergeDuplicateCollocates**

*Merge duplicate collocate rows and re-calculate association scores and URLs. Useful if collocation analyses were performed separately for collocates on the left and right side of a node.*

**Description**

Merge duplicate collocate rows and re-calculate association scores and URLs. Useful if collocation analyses were performed separately for collocates on the left and right side of a node.

**Usage**

```
mergeDuplicateCollocates(..., smoothingConstant = 0.5)
```

**Arguments**

...	tibbles with collocate rows returned from <code>collocationAnalysis()</code>
smoothingConstant	original smoothing constant (to be added only once to the observed values)

**Value**

tibble with unique collocate rows

**persistAccessToken, KorAPConnection-method***Persist current access token in keyring***Description**

Persist current access token in keyring

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'
persistAccessToken(kco, accessToken = kco@accessToken)
```

**Arguments**

kco	KorAPConnection object
accessToken	access token to be persisted. If not supplied, the current access token of the KorAPConnection object will be used.

**Value**

KorAPConnection object.

**See Also**

[clearAccessToken\(\)](#), [auth\(\)](#)

Other initialization functions: [KorAPConnection-class](#), [auth](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#), [clearAccessToken](#), [KorAPCon](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
kco <- KorAPConnection(accessToken = "e739u6e0zkwADQPdVChxFg")
persistAccessToken(kco)

kco <- KorAPConnection() %>%
  auth(app_id = "<my application id>") %>%
  persistAccessToken()

## End(Not run)
```

---

synsemanticStopwords    *Preliminary synsemantic stopwords function*

---

## Description

**[Experimental]**

Preliminary synsemantic stopwords function to be used in collocation analysis.

## Usage

```
synsemanticStopwords(...)
```

## Arguments

... future arguments for language detection

## Details

Currently only suitable for German. See stopwords package for other languages.

## Value

Vector of synsemantic stopwords.

## See Also

Other collocation analysis functions: [association-score-functions](#), [collocationAnalysis](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#), [collocationScoreQuery](#), [KorAPConnection-method](#)

---

textMetadata, KorAPConnection-method

*Retrieve metadata for a text, identified by its sigle (id)*

---

## Description

Retrieves metadata for a text, identified by its sigle (id) using the corresponding KorAP API (see [Kustvakt Wiki](#)). To retrieve the metadata for every text in a virtual corpus, use [corpusQuery\(\)](#) with <base/s=t> as query, instead.

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'KorAPConnection'  
textMetadata(kco, textSigle, verbose = kco@verbose)
```

**Arguments**

kco	<code>KorAPConnection()</code> object (obtained e.g. from <code>KorAPConnection()</code> )
textSigle	unique text id (concatenation of corpus, document and text ids, separated by /, e.g. ) or vector thereof
verbose	logical. If TRUE, additional diagnostics are printed. Defaults to kco@verbose.

**Value**

Tibble with columns for each metadata property. In case of errors, such as non-existing texts/sigles, the tibble will also contain a column called `errors`. If there are metadata columns you cannot make sense of, please ignore them. The function simply returns all the metadata it gets from the server.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
KorAPConnection() |> textMetadata(c("WUD17/A97/08542", "WUD17/B96/57558", "WUD17/A97/08541"))  
## End(Not run)
```

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