Incorporating experimental designs

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Where are we so far?

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So far, we've imported and transformed our measures data into R. Now we're going to address how to incorporate our experimental design.

If you haven't already, load the necessary packages.

library(gcplyr)

Including design elements

We often want to combine our data with information about the experimental design. gcplyr enables incorporation of design elements in two ways:

- 1. Designs can be imported from files
- 2. Designs can be generated in R using make_design

If you're interested in generating your designs in R, see vignette("gc10_using_make_design")

When reading design elements from files, gcplyr can read block-shaped or tidy-shaped design files:

- If design files are block-shaped, they can be read with import_blockdesigns
- If design files are tidy-shaped, they can simply be read with read_tidys

Importing block-shaped design files

To import block-shaped design files, use import_blockdesigns, which will return a tidy-shaped designs data frame (or list of data frames).

import_blockdesigns only requires a list of filenames (or relative file paths) and will return a data.frame (or list of data frames) in a tidy format that you can save in R.

A basic example

Let's look at an example. First, we need to create an example file for the sake of this tutorial (normally you'd create this file in Excel)

```
make_example(vignette = 3, example = 1, dir = ".")
#> Files have been written
#> [1] "./mydesign.csv"
```

Now let's take a look at what the file looks like:

```
print_df(read.csv("mydesign.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character"))
#>
       1
           2
               3
                  4
                       56
                               7
                                    8
                                        9 10 11 12
#> A Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> B Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> C Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> D Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> E Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> F Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> G Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
#> H Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
```

Here we can see that our design has Treatment 1 on the left-hand side of the plate (wells in columns 1 through 6), and Treatment 2 on the right-hand side of the plate (wells in columns 7 through 12). Let's import this design using import_blockdesigns, saving it with the column name Treatment_numbers.

| <pre>my_design <- import_blockdesigns(files = "mydesign.csv",</pre> | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | <pre>block_names = "Treatment_numbers")</pre> | | | | | | |
| <pre>head(my_design, 20)</pre> | | | | | | | |
| <pre>#> Well Treatment_numbers</pre> | | | | | | | |
| #> 1 A1 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 2 A2 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 3 A3 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 4 A4 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 5 A5 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 6 A6 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 7 A7 Tr2 | | | | | | | |
| #> 8 A8 Tr2 | | | | | | | |
| #> 9 A9 Tr2 | | | | | | | |
| #> 10 A10 Tr2 | | | | | | | |
| #> 11 A11 Tr2 | | | | | | | |
| #> 12 A12 Tr2 | | | | | | | |
| #> 13 B1 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 14 B2 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 15 B3 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 16 B4 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 17 B5 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 18 B6 Tr1 | | | | | | | |
| #> 19 B7 Tr2 | | | | | | | |
| #> 20 B8 Tr2 | | | | | | | |

Importing multiple block-shaped design elements

What do you do if you have multiple designs? For instance, what if you have several strains each in several treatments? In that case, you have two options:

- 1. Save each design component as a separate file, or in separate blocks within a file
- 2. Save the design components pasted together in a single file

Regardless of which option you use, you can then import them all in one go with import_blockdesigns.

Importing multiple block-shaped designs in separate files

First, let's create both our example designs files. Again, just imagine that you've created these files in Excel.

```
make_example(vignette = 3, example = 1, dir = ".")
#> Files have been written
#> [1] "./mydesign.csv"
make_example(vignette = 3, example = 2, dir = ".")
#> Files have been written
#> [1] "./mydesign2.csv"
```

Now let's take a look at what these files looks like:

```
print_df(read.csv("mydesign.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character"))
#> 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
#> A Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2
```

#> B Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 #> C Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 #> D Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 #> E Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 #> F Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 #> G Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 #> H Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr1 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 Tr2 print_df(read.csv("mydesign2.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character")) #> 2 3 45 6 7 8 9 10 1 11 12

As before, we have Treatment 1 on the left-hand side, and Treatment 2 on the right-hand side. In addition, we now also have Strain A in the first two rows, Strain B in the next two rows, and so on.

Let's now import both designs using import_blockdesigns, saving them to columns named Treatment_numbers and Strain_letters.

```
my design <-
 import_blockdesigns(files = c("mydesign.csv", "mydesign2.csv"),
                      block_names = c("Treatment_numbers", "Strain_letters"))
#> Inferred 'into' column names as: Treatment numbers, Strain letters
head(my design, 20)
#>
      Well Treatment_numbers Strain_letters
#> 1
        A1
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 2
        A2
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 3
        AЗ
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 4
                          Tr1
        A4
                                        StrA
#> 5
        A5
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 6
        A6
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 7
        A7
                          Tr2
                                        StrA
#> 8
        A8
                          Tr2
                                        StrA
#> 9
                          Tr2
        A9
                                        StrA
#> 10 A10
                          Tr2
                                        StrA
#> 11 A11
                          Tr2
                                        StrA
#> 12 A12
                          Tr2
                                        StrA
#> 13
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
        B1
#> 14
        B2
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 15
        ВЗ
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 16
        B4
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 17
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
        B5
#> 18
        B6
                          Tr1
                                        StrA
#> 19
        B7
                          Tr2
                                        StrA
#> 20
        B8
                          Tr2
                                        StrA
```

Importing multiple separated block-shaped designs in one file

If you have your blocks separated but saved in the same file, you simply specify the location of each block within the file:

```
make_example(vignette = 3, example = 3, dir = ".")
#> Files have been written
#> [1] "./mydesiqn_sep.csv"
#Print what the file looks like
print_df(read.csv("mydesign_sep.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character"))
             3
#>
      1
         2
                 4
                     5
                        6
                            7
                                8
                                    9
                                       10
                                           11
                                              12
#> A
                              Tr2
                                              Tr2
                       Tr1
                                  Tr2
                                      Tr2
                                          Tr2
    Tr1
        Tr1
           Tr1
               Tr1
                   Tr1
                           Tr2
#> B
    Tr1
        Tr1
            Tr1
               Tr1
                   Tr1
                       Tr1
                           Tr2
                              Tr2
                                  Tr2
                                      Tr2
                                          Tr2
                                              Tr2
#> C
   Tr1
        Tr1
            Tr1
               Tr1
                   Tr1
                       Tr1
                           Tr2
                              Tr2
                                  Tr2
                                      Tr2
                                          Tr2
                                              Tr2
#> D
    Tr1
        Tr1
            Tr1
               Tr1
                   Tr1
                       Tr1
                           Tr2
                               Tr2
                                  Tr2
                                      Tr2
                                          Tr2
                                              Tr2
#> E
   Tr1
        Tr1
                   Tr1
                       Tr1
                           Tr2
                              Tr2
                                  Tr2
                                      Tr2
                                          Tr2
                                              Tr2
           Tr1
               Tr1
#> F
    Tr1
        Tr1
               Tr1
                       Tr1
                           Tr2
                                  Tr2
                                          Tr2
           Tr1
                   Tr1
                              Tr2
                                      Tr2
                                              Tr2
#> G
    Tr1
        Tr1
               Tr1
                   Tr1
                       Tr1
                           Tr2
                                  Tr2
                                          Tr2
                                              Tr2
            Tr1
                              Tr2
                                      Tr2
#> H
    Tr1
        Tr1
            Tr1
               Tr1
                   Tr1
                       Tr1
                           Tr2
                              Tr2
                                  Tr2
                                      Tr2
                                          Tr2
                                              Tr2
#>
#>
      1
         2
             3
                     5
                        6
                            7
                                8
                                    9
                                       10
                                           11
                                              12
                 4
#Read in the designs
my design <-
 import_blockdesigns(files = c("mydesign_sep.csv"),
                block_names = c("Treatment_numbers", "Strain_letters"),
                startrow = c(1, 11), endrow = c(9, 19))
#> Inferred 'into' column names as: Treatment_numbers, Strain_letters
head(my_design, 20)
    Well Treatment_numbers Strain_letters
#>
#> 1
      A1
                   Tr1
                             StrA
#> 2
      A2
                   Tr1
                             StrA
#> 3
      AЗ
                   Tr1
                             StrA
#> 4
      A4
                   Tr1
                             StrA
#> 5
      A5
                   Tr1
                             StrA
#> 6
                  Tr1
                             StrA
      A6
#> 7
      A7
                  Tr2
                             StrA
#> 8
      A8
                  Tr2
                             StrA
#> 9
      A9
                  Tr2
                             StrA
#> 10 A10
                  Tr2
                             StrA
#> 11
     A11
                  Tr2
                             StrA
#> 12 A12
                             StrA
                  Tr2
#> 13
      B1
                  Tr1
                             StrA
#> 14
      B2
                  Tr1
                             StrA
#> 15
     BЗ
                  Tr1
                             StrA
```

| #> 16 | В4 | Tr1 | StrA |
|-----------------|-----------|-----|------|
| #> 17 | <i>B5</i> | Tr1 | StrA |
| #> 18 | <i>B6</i> | Tr1 | StrA |
| #> 19 | B7 | Tr2 | StrA |
| #> 20 | <i>B8</i> | Tr2 | StrA |

Importing multiple pasted block-shaped designs

Alternative to saving your designs separated, often it may be easiest to save all the design information into a single block, separating the distinct components of the design with some character.

To demonstrate this, first let's create our example designs file. Again, just imagine that you've created this file in Excel.

make_example(vignette = 3, example = 4, dir = ".")
#> Files have been written
#> [1] "./mydesign_pasted.csv"

Now let's take a look at what the file looks like:

```
print_df(read.csv("mydesign_pasted.csv", header = FALSE, colClasses = "character")[, 1:10])
#>
            1
                     2
                              3
                                       4
                                                5
                                                         6
                                                                  7
                                                                           8
                                                                                    9
#> A Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr2_StrA Tr2_StrA Tr2_StrA
#> B Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr1_StrA Tr2_StrA Tr2_StrA Tr2_StrA
#> C Tr1_StrB Tr1_StrB Tr1_StrB Tr1_StrB Tr1_StrB Tr1_StrB Tr2_StrB Tr2_StrB Tr2_StrB
#> D Tr1 StrB Tr1 StrB Tr1 StrB Tr1 StrB Tr1 StrB Tr1 StrB Tr2 StrB Tr2 StrB Tr2 StrB
#> E Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr2 StrC Tr2 StrC Tr2 StrC
#> F Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr1 StrC Tr2 StrC Tr2 StrC Tr2 StrC
#> G Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr2_StrD Tr2_StrD Tr2_StrD
#> H Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr1_StrD Tr2_StrD Tr2_StrD Tr2_StrD
```

As before, we have Treatment 1 on the left-hand side, and Treatment 2 on the right-hand side, with Strain A in the first two rows, Strain B in the next two rows, and so on. However, this information is now pasted together, with "__" as the separating string (you can use any string as a separator).

To import this design with import_blockdesigns, we simply need to specify the sep string, as well as the output column names. Since the designs have been pasted together, the column names will result from splitting the designs apart. The easiest way to specify these split column names is to use the into argument passed to separate_tidy [if into is not specified, import_blockdesigns will attempt to split the block_names (either specified or inferred) with sep to generate the output column names].

```
my_design <-
  import_blockdesigns(files = "mydesign_pasted.csv",
                       into = c("Treatment_numbers", "Strain_letters"),
                       sep = "_")
head(my_design, 20)
      Well Treatment_numbers Strain_letters
#>
#> 1
        A1
                          Tr1
                                         StrA
#> 2
        A2
                          Tr1
                                         StrA
#> 3
        AЗ
                          Tr1
                                         StrA
#> 4
                          Tr1
        A4
                                         StrA
#> 5
        A5
                          Tr1
                                         StrA
#> 6
        A6
                          Tr1
                                         StrA
```

| #> | 7 | A7 | Tr2 | StrA |
|----|----|-----------|-----|------|
| #> | | A8 | Tr2 | StrA |
| #> | | A9 | Tr2 | StrA |
| #> | 10 | A10 | Tr2 | StrA |
| #> | 11 | A11 | Tr2 | StrA |
| #> | 12 | A12 | Tr2 | StrA |
| #> | 13 | <i>B1</i> | Tr1 | StrA |
| #> | 14 | B2 | Tr1 | StrA |
| #> | 15 | BЗ | Tr1 | StrA |
| #> | 16 | B4 | Tr1 | StrA |
| #> | 17 | <i>B5</i> | Tr1 | StrA |
| #> | 18 | <i>B6</i> | Tr1 | StrA |
| #> | 19 | B7 | Tr2 | StrA |
| #> | 20 | <i>B8</i> | Tr2 | StrA |

Importing tidy-shaped design files

You can import tidy-shaped designs with read_tidys.

read_tidys only requires a filename (or vector of filenames, or relative file paths) and will return a data.frame (or list of data.frames) that you can save in R.

Once these design elements have been read into the R environment, they are ready to merge.

Merging growth curve data with designs

Once we have both our design and data in R and tidy-shaped, we can merge them using merge_dfs.

To demonstrate this, we'll use the data in the example_widedata_noiseless dataset that is included with gcplyr, and which was the source for our previous examples with import_blockmeasures and read_wides.

In the example_widedata_noiseless dataset, we have 48 different bacterial strains. The left side of the plate has all 48 strains in a single well each, and the right side of the plate also has all 48 strains in a single well each:

| Row names | Column 1 | | Column 6 | Column 7 | | Column 12 |
|--------------------|--|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| Row A Row B | Strain #1 Strain #7 | · · · · · · · | Strain #6 Strain #12 | Strain #1 Strain #7 | | Strain #6 Strain #12 |
| Row G Row H | $\begin{array}{l} \dots \\ \text{Strain } \#37 \\ \text{Strain } \#43 \end{array}$ | · · · · · · · | Strain #42 Strain #48 | Strain #37 Strain #43 | · · · · · · · | Strain #42 Strain #48 |

Then, on the right hand side of the plate a phage was also inoculated (while the left hand side remained bacteria-only):

| Row names | Column 1 | | Column 6 | Column 7 | ••• | Column 12 |
|----------------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Row A Row B | No Phage No Phage | | No Phage No Phage | Phage Added Phage Added | · · · · | Phage Added Phage Added |
| Row G | No Phage | · · · · | No Phage | Phage Added | · · · · · · · | Phage Added |

| Row names | Column 1 | Column 6 | Column 7 | Column 12 |
|-----------|----------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Row H | No Phage | No Phage | Phage Added | Phage Added |

Let's transform the example_widedata_noiseless to tidy-shaped.

gcplyr also includes the design for this data for easy use:

```
example_design <- example_design_tidy</pre>
head(example design tidy)
#>
    Well Bacteria strain
                           Phage
#> 1 A1
              Strain 1 No Phage
             Strain 2 No Phage
#> 2 A2
#> 3 A3
               Strain 3 No Phage
#> 4 A4
               Strain 4 No Phage
#> 5 A5
               Strain 5 No Phage
#> 6 A6
               Strain 6 No Phage
```

Now that we have our data and designs tidy-shaped, we merge the two using merge_dfs, saving the result to ex_dat_mrg, short for example_data_merged. merge_dfs merges using columns with the same name between the two data.frames.

```
ex_dat_mrg <- merge_dfs(example_tidydata, example_design)
#> Joining with `by = join_by(Well)`
```

head(ex_dat_mrg)

| #> | | Time | Well | Measurements | Bacteria_strain | Phage |
|----|---|------|------|--------------|-----------------|---------|
| #> | 1 | 0 | A1 | 0.002 | Strain 1 N | o Phage |
| #> | 2 | 0 | B1 | 0.002 | Strain 7 N | o Phage |
| #> | 3 | 0 | C1 | 0.002 | Strain 13 N | o Phage |
| #> | 4 | 0 | D1 | 0.002 | Strain 19 N | o Phage |
| #> | 5 | 0 | E1 | 0.002 | Strain 25 N | o Phage |
| #> | 6 | 0 | F1 | 0.002 | Strain 31 N | o Phage |

What's next?

Now that you've merged your data and designs, you can pre-process and plot your data

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