

# Package ‘homomorpheR’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Homomorphic Computations in R

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**URL** <https://github.com/bnaras/homomorpheR>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/bnaras/homomorpheR/issues>

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, survival, dplyr, magrittr, digest

**Imports** R6, gmp, sodium

**Description** Homomorphic computations in R for privacy-preserving applications. Currently only the Paillier Scheme is implemented.

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homomorpheR

*homomorpheR: Homomorphic computations in R*

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## Description

homomorpheR is a start at a rudimentary package for homomorphic computations in R. The goal is to collect homomorphic encryption schemes in this package for privacy-preserving distributed computations; for example, applications of the sort implemented in package `distcomp`.

## Details

At the moment, only one scheme is implemented, the Paillier scheme. The current implementation makes no pretense at efficiency and also uses direct translations of other implementations, particularly the one in Javascript.

For a quick overview of the features, refer to the vignettes in this package.

## Author(s)

**Maintainer:** Balasubramanian Narasimhan <naras@stat.Stanford.EDU>

## References

[Homomorphic Encryption](#)

[Paillier Encryption](#)

## See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/bnaras/homomorpheR>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/bnaras/homomorpheR/issues>

## Examples

```
keys <- PaillierKeyPair$new(1024) # Generate new key pair
encryptAndDecrypt <- function(x) keys$getPrivateKey()$decrypt(keys$pubkey$encrypt(x))
a <- gmp::as.bigz(1273849)
identical(a + 10L, encryptAndDecrypt(a+10L))
x <- lapply(1:100, function(x) random.bigz(nBits = 512))
edx <- lapply(x, encryptAndDecrypt)
identical(x, edx)
```

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PaillierKeyPair	Construct a Paillier public and private key pair given a fixed number of bits
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### Description

Construct a Paillier public and private key pair given a fixed number of bits

Construct a Paillier public and private key pair given a fixed number of bits

### Format

An `R6::R6Class()` generator object

### Methods

`PaillierKeyPair$getPrivateKey()` Return the private key

### Public fields

`pubkey` the public key

### Methods

#### Public methods:

- `PaillierKeyPair$new()`
- `PaillierKeyPair$getPrivateKey()`
- `PaillierKeyPair$clone()`

**Method** `new()`: Create a new public private key pair with specified number of modulus bits

*Usage:*

```
PaillierKeyPair$new(modulusBits)
```

*Arguments:*

`modulusBits` the number of bits to use

*Returns:* a PaillierKeyPair object

**Method** `getPrivateKey()`: Return the private key

*Usage:*

```
PaillierKeyPair$getPrivateKey()
```

*Returns:* the private key

**Method** `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

*Usage:*

```
PaillierKeyPair$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

*Arguments:*

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

**See Also**

[PaillierPublicKey\(\)](#) and [PaillierPrivateKey\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
keys <- PaillierKeyPair$new(1024)
keys$pubkey
keys$getPrivateKey()
```

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PaillierPrivateKey	<i>Construct a Paillier private key with the given secret and a public key</i>
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**Description**

Construct a Paillier private key with the given secret and a public key

Construct a Paillier private key with the given secret and a public key

**Format**

An `R6::R6Class()` generator object

**Public fields**

pubkey the public key

**Methods****Public methods:**

- [PaillierPrivateKey\\$new\(\)](#)
- [PaillierPrivateKey\\$getLambda\(\)](#)
- [PaillierPrivateKey\\$decrypt\(\)](#)
- [PaillierPrivateKey\\$clone\(\)](#)

**Method** `new()`: Create a new private key with given secret lambda and the public key

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPrivateKey$new(lambda, pubkey)
```

*Arguments:*

lambda the secret

pubkey the public key

**Method** `getLambda()`: Return the secret lambda

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPrivateKey$getLambda()
```

*Returns:* lambda

**Method** `decrypt()`: Decrypt a message

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPrivateKey$decrypt(c)
```

*Arguments:*

`c` the message

*Returns:* the decrypted message

**Method** `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPrivateKey$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

*Arguments:*

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

### See Also

[PaillierPublicKey\(\)](#) which goes hand-in-hand with this object

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<code>PaillierPublicKey</code>	<i>Construct a Paillier public key with the given modulus.</i>
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### Description

Construct a Paillier public key with the given modulus.

Construct a Paillier public key with the given modulus.

### Value

An [R6::R6Class\(\)](#) generator object

### Public fields

`bits` the number of bits in the modulus

`n` the modulus

`nSquared` the square of the modulus

`nPlusOne` one more than the modulus

**Methods****Public methods:**

- PaillierPublicKey\$new()
- PaillierPublicKey\$encrypt()
- PaillierPublicKey\$add()
- PaillierPublicKey\$sub()
- PaillierPublicKey\$add\_real()
- PaillierPublicKey\$sub\_real()
- PaillierPublicKey\$mult()
- PaillierPublicKey\$clone()

**Method** new(): Create a new public key and precompute some internal values for efficiency

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPublicKey$new(bits, n)
```

*Arguments:*

bits number of bits to use

n the modulus to use

*Returns:* a new PaillierPublicKey object

**Method** encrypt(): Encrypt a message

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPublicKey$encrypt(m)
```

*Arguments:*

m the message

*Returns:* the encrypted message

**Method** add(): Add two encrypted messages

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPublicKey$add(a, b)
```

*Arguments:*

a a message

b another message

*Returns:* the sum of a and b

**Method** sub(): Subtract one encrypted message from another

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPublicKey$sub(a, b)
```

*Arguments:*

a a message

b another message

*Returns:* the difference a - b

**Method** `add_real()`: Return the sum  $a + b$  of an encrypted real message `a`, a list consisting of an encrypted integer part (named `int`) and an encrypted fractional part (named `frac`), and a real number `den` using `den` as denominator in the rational approximation.

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPublicKey$add_real(den, a, b)
```

*Arguments:*

`den` the denominator to use for rational approximations

`a` the *real* message, a list consisting of the integer and fractional parts named `int` and `frac` respectively

`b` a simple real number

**Method** `sub_real()`: Return the difference  $a - b$  of an encrypted real message `a`, a list consisting of an encrypted integer part (named `int`) and an encrypted fractional part (named `frac`), and a real number `b` using `den` as denominator in the rational approximation.

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPublicKey$sub_real(den, a, b)
```

*Arguments:*

`den` the denominator to use for rational approximations

`a` the *real* message, a list consisting of the integer and fractional parts named `int` and `frac` respectively

`b` a simple real number

**Method** `mult()`: Return the product of two encrypted messages `a` and `b`

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPublicKey$mult(a, b)
```

*Arguments:*

`a` a message

`b` another message

*Returns:* the product of `a` and `b`

**Method** `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

*Usage:*

```
PaillierPublicKey$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

*Arguments:*

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

## See Also

[PaillierPrivateKey\(\)](#) which goes hand-in-hand with this object

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random.bigz	<i>Return a random big number using the cryptographically secure random number generator from in the sodium package.</i>
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**Description**

Return a random big number using the cryptographically secure random number generator from in the sodium package.

**Usage**

```
random.bigz(nBits)
```

**Arguments**

nBits            the number of bits, which must be a multiple of 8, is not checked for efficiency.



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