

# Package ‘ssfit’

October 14, 2022

**Type** Package

**Title** Fitting of Parametric Models using Summary Statistics

**Version** 1.2

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**Description** Fits complex parametric models using the method proposed by Cox and Kartsonaki (2012) without likelihoods.

**Imports** survey

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

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ssfit-package	<i>Fitting of Parametric Models using Summary Statistics</i>
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## Description

Fits complex parametric models without likelihoods, using the method proposed by Cox and Kartsonaki (2012).

## Details

Package:	ssfit
Type:	Package
Version:	1.2
Date:	2022-06-06
Depends: survey	License: GPL (>= 2)

See *fit.model*.

### **Author(s)**

Christiana Kartsonaki

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### **References**

Cox, D. R. and Kartsonaki, C. (2012). The fitting of complex parametric models. *Biometrika*, **99** (3): 741–747.

*fit.model*

*Fitting of parametric models using summary statistics*

### **Description**

Fits complex parametric models with intractable likelihood using the method proposed by Cox and Kartsonaki (2012).

### **Usage**

```
fit.model(p, q, n, r, starting_values, h_vector, data_true, sim_data, features, n_iter,
print_results = TRUE, variances = TRUE)
```

### **Arguments**

<i>p</i>	Number of parameters to be estimated.
<i>q</i>	Number of features / summary statistics.
<i>n</i>	Sample size. Usually equal to the number of observations in the data ( <i>data_true</i> ).
<i>r</i>	Number of simulations to be run at each design point, in each iteration.
<i>starting_values</i>	A vector of starting values for the parameter vector.
<i>h_vector</i>	A vector of spacings <i>h</i> .
<i>data_true</i>	The dataset.
<i>sim_data</i>	A function which simulates data using the model to be fitted.
<i>features</i>	A function which calculates the features / summary statistics.

<code>n_iter</code>	Number of iterations of the algorithm to be performed.
<code>print_results</code>	If TRUE, the estimates of the parameters are printed at each iteration.
<code>variances</code>	If TRUE, the covariance matrix of the estimates of the parameters at each iteration are saved into a list. If FALSE, only that of the estimates obtained at the last iteration is obtained.

## Details

Function `sim_data` should simulate from the model, taking as arguments the sample size and the parameter vector. Function `features` must take as an argument the simulated data generated by `sim_data` and calculate the features / summary statistics. The format of the dataset and the simulated data should be the same and should match the format needed by the function `features`. Function `features` must return a vector of length `q`.

## Value

<code>estimates</code>	The estimates of the parameters.
<code>var_estimates</code>	The covariance matrix of the final estimates.
<code>L</code>	The matrix of coefficients L.
<code>sigma</code>	The covariance matrix of the features.
<code>zbar</code>	The average values of the simulated features at each design point.
<code>z_D</code>	The values of the features calculated from the data.
<code>ybar</code>	The linear combinations of the simulated features at each design point.
<code>y_D</code>	The linear combinations of the features calculated from the data.

## Author(s)

Christiana Kartsonaki

## References

Cox, D. R. and Kartsonaki, C. (2012). The fitting of complex parametric models. *Biometrika*, **99** (3): 741–747.

## Examples

```
# estimate the mean of a N(2, 1) distribution

sim_function <- function(n, mu) {
  rnorm(n, unlist(mu), 1)
}

features_function <- function(data) {
  a <- median(data)
  b <- sum(data) - (min(data) + max(data))
  c <- (min(data) + max(data)) / 2
  return(c(a, b, c))
}
```

```
fit1 <- fit.model(p = 1, q = 3, n = 100, r = 100, starting_values = 5, h_vector = 0.1,  
data_true = rnorm(100, 2, 1), sim_data = sim_function, features = features_function,  
n_iter = 50, print_results = TRUE, variances = TRUE)
```

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